Overview of Operations

Micro Business and Individual Unit ................................................................. 34
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries and Food Business Unit .................................. 40
Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) Unit ..................................................... 46
Operations to Facilitate Crisis Responses and Specific Businesses Promotion, etc. 52
Research Institute .......................................................................................... 54
Micro Business and Individual Unit

The Micro Business and Individual Unit (Micro Unit) acts as a community-based financial institution. It provides business loans to micro/small businesses and business start-ups, and educational loans to individuals who are in need of funds for school entrance fees and other educational expenses.

Overview of Operations

Small Loans to a Large Number of Micro/Small Businesses

- Loans have been disbursed to 0.88 million businesses.
- The average loan balance per business is 7.02 million yen, most of which were small loans.
- Approximately 90% of borrowers are micro/small businesses with 9 or fewer employees, and approximately half are sole proprietorship.

Safety Net Financing

- Micro Unit provides Safety Net Loans to support micro/small enterprises experiencing in finance difficulties because of a changing business environment.
- Through loans and other means, Micro Unit supports the rehabilitation and reconstruction of micro/small businesses that have suffered damage at times of disaster such as earthquakes, typhoons, and heavy snowfalls.

Supporting Business Start-ups, Business Revitalization, and Business Succession

- The number of loans disbursed to business start-ups (consisting of those that have yet to start and those that are within 1 year of start-up) reached 27,979 a year. It is estimated that about 95,000 jobs were created annually as a result.
- Micro Unit supports businesses engaged in innovative businesses through Capital Subordinated Loans.
- Supports business revitalization and succession of micro/small businesses.

Supporting Social Businesses and Overseas Expansion, etc.

- Micro Unit supports businesses engaged in social businesses to solve regional and social issues.
- Micro Unit supports micro/small businesses trying to expand overseas.

Collaboration with Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Societies of Commerce and Industry, regional financial institutions, and Environmental Health Trade Associations, etc.

- Micro Unit works in close collaboration with such organizations as Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Societies of Commerce and Industry, regional financial institutions and Environmental Health Trade Associations to support the financial improvement of micro/small businesses, and help maintain or improve the sanitation level of environmental health-related businesses.
- Micro Unit collaborates with Approved Management Innovation Support Organizations with high specialty such as tax accountant, certified public accountant and SME management consultant.
- Micro Unit proactively collaborates with regional financial institutions.

Support through Educational Loans, etc.

- Approximately 120,000 Educational Loans are disbursed each year.
**Feature of Operations**

### Supporting Micro/Small Businesses

Business Loans were provided to 0.88 million businesses. The average loan balance per business is 7.02 million yen, most of which were small loans. Approximately 90% of borrowers are micro/small businesses with nine or fewer employees, and approximately half are sole proprietors.

Over 80% of all loans are uncollateralized.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of business borrowers and average loan balance per business (as of March 31, 2019)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of business borrowers (million)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Micro Business and Individual Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average loan balance per business (million yen)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Figures for Micro Unit are the total of General Loans and Environmental Health Business Loans.
2. Domestic banks include major commercial banks, regional banks, regional bank II, and trust banks.
3. Figures for shinkin banks and domestic banks do not include loans to individuals (loans for housing, consumption, tax payments, etc.), loans to regional public organizations, overseas yen-loans, or loans made to businesses in foreign names in their domestic branches. Number of business borrowers for shinkin banks and domestic banks are based on the number of loans.

Source: Bank of Japan website

### Demonstrating Safety Net Functions

The number of Safety Net Loans (including earthquakes) disbursed in FY2018 to micro/small businesses experiencing difficulties in finance because of a business or financial environment change reached 17,185.

Furthermore, a special consultation service was immediately established in the event of unforeseen events, such as a natural disaster like the Great East Japan Earthquake, the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake or a major corporate bankruptcy, so that affected micro/small business owners can receive consultation to find ways to ease their loans and repayment terms.

The Micro Unit supports the rehabilitation and reconstruction of micro/small businesses that have suffered damage at times of disaster such as earthquakes, typhoons and heavy snowfalls, by means of Disaster Loans that have more favorable repayment conditions than General loans, such as a longer repayment period or a longer grace period for the principal.

Between March 11, 2011 when the Great East Japan Earthquake occurred and March 31, 2019, the Micro Unit executed 238,773 loans related to the earthquake, amounting to 2,251.8 billion yen.

For loan performance related to the damages suffered from the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake, the Micro Unit executed 17,813 loans, amounting to 150.7 billion yen, by the end of March 31, 2019.

For loan performance related to the damages suffered from the Heavy Rain Event of July 2018, the Micro Unit executed 1,343 loans, amounting to 5.7 billion yen, by the end of March 31, 2019.

### Breakdown of loans by type of collateral (based on the number of loans) (FY2018)

- **Secured by real estate or other collateral:** 86.7%
- **No collateral:** 13.3%

Note: The breakdown is the total of General Loans and Environmental Health Business Loans (direct loans).

### Breakdown of borrowers by number of employees (based on the number of loans) (FY2018)

- **4 or fewer:** 67.0%
- **Between 5 and 9:** 19.8%
- **20 or more:** 4.9%

Note: The breakdown is the total of General Loans and Environmental Health Business Loans (direct loans).

### Changes in loans for the Great East Japan Earthquake (total)

(March 11, 2011 to March 31, 2019)

- **(Billion yen)**
- **Amount**
- **Number of loans**

#### Main consultation desks currently in operation (as of May 31, 2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of consultation desks</th>
<th>Consultation desks currently in operation</th>
<th>Date of establishment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disaster-related 10</td>
<td>Special consultation desk for the Great East Japan Earthquake</td>
<td>Mar. 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake</td>
<td>Apr. 2016</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for the large-scale fire in Itaigawa, Niigata in 2016</td>
<td>Dec. 2016</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of storms and torrential rain between June 7 and July 27, 2017</td>
<td>Aug. 2017</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of Typhoon No. 21 in 2017</td>
<td>Oct. 2017</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of heavy snow in FY2017</td>
<td>Feb. 2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of the 2018 Northern Osaka Prefecture Earthquake</td>
<td>Jun. 2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of storms and torrential rain between May 20 and July 10, 2018</td>
<td>Jul. 2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of heavy rain from August 30, 2018</td>
<td>Sep. 2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for damage suffered as a result of the 2018 Hokkaido Eastern Iburi Earthquake</td>
<td>Sep. 2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others 2</td>
<td>Special consultation desk concerning the ban on salmon and sea trout drift net fishing in Russian waters</td>
<td>Dec. 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special consultation desk for countermeasures against financial difficulties relating to the 10-day holiday period from April 27 to May 6, 2019</td>
<td>Mar. 2019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supporting Business Start-ups Proactively

- **Support for business start-ups**

  Not a few start-ups face difficulties in raising funds for such reasons as a short business history. Micro Unit actively provides loans to these companies to support their business activities.

  The number of businesses disbursed to business start-ups (consisting of those that have yet to start and those that are within 1 year of start-up) in FY2018 totaled 27,979. It is estimated that about 95,000 jobs were created annually as a result.

- **Supporting women, youth, and senior entrepreneurs**

  We are actively providing loans to those who are start-up businesses, enabling women to leverage their sensibilities, young people to exercise their ideas, and senior entrepreneurs to utilize their experience.

  **Start-up Loans for women, youth, and senior entrepreneurs (number of businesses)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>FY2017</th>
<th>FY2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>6,174</td>
<td>6,116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth (aged under 35)</td>
<td>7,931</td>
<td>7,787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seniors (aged 55 and above)</td>
<td>2,995</td>
<td>3,071</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  Note: Women who also qualify as youth or seniors are included in both the Women category and the other relevant category.

- **Setting up business start-up support desks**

  Business start-up support desks are set up in 152 branches nationwide where specialist staff provide a range of useful information for business start-ups, such as advice on the creation of business start-up plans.

Establishment of Business Start-up Support Centers and Business Support Plazas and Providing Support for Business Start-ups and Second Business Start-ups

The Micro Unit has established business start-up support centers and business support plazas throughout Japan. Through these facilities, we support a wide range of business start-ups and others attempting to start a second business.

- **Establishment of Business Start-up Support Centers throughout Japan**

  Centers are located in 15 regions of Japan from Hokkaido to Kyushu. Centers organize diverse seminars targeted at customers in varying stages of their business cycle, both before and after starting business, and also provide timely support to customers through collaboration with regional organizations that support start-ups.

- **Establishment of Business Support Plazas throughout Japan**

  In six locations: Sapporo, Sendai, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka, and Fukuoka. Appointments for consultation are available to persons who plan to start a new business and those who have never used JFC’s services. For those who cannot visit during regular business hours, weekend and evening appointments are also available (excluding national holidays).

  Notes: 1. Sunday consultations are available on first and third Sundays of each month at Tokyo Business Support Plaza.

  2. Night consultations are available at Tokyo Business Support Plaza (every Thursday) and Osaka Business Support Plaza (every Tuesday).
The Micro Unit Proactively Supports Businesses that Take on the Challenge of Innovative New Technologies

The Micro Unit actively supports micro/small businesses such as research and development venture companies which possess innovative technological capabilities that are expected to achieve long-term high growth.

- **Capital Subordinated Loans**

Since establishing the program in March 2013, we have extended the loan limit and loan period. In FY2018, we provided Capital Subordinated Loans to 101 businesses. The Micro Unit supports various businesses which possess high technological capabilities and require significant funding for expenses such as research and development.

- **Supporting collaboration between industry and academia**

The Micro Unit supports collaboration between industry and academia by forwarding technological consultation from micro/small businesses to universities, and by providing loans to university-originated ventures.

### Supporting Social Business Actively

The Micro Unit supports bearers of social businesses that support regional and social issues, such as supporting the care and welfare of the elderly and disabled, child rearing, environmental conservation, and regional revitalization.

The FY2018 loans to social businesses came to: 11,328 loans (105% compared to the previous fiscal year), 83.4 billion yen (102% compared to the previous fiscal year), of which 1,381 loans (89% compared to the previous fiscal year), 8.7 billion yen (90% compared to the previous fiscal year) were loans to NPOs.

### Actively Supporting Businesses Seeking for Overseas Expansion

The Micro Unit is ready for consultation to provide information according to customer needs in cooperation with Japan External Trade Organization JETRO, the Japan Federation of Bar Associations, and other specialized organizations that support overseas expansion.

The number of loans provided through the Loans for Overseas Investment and Expansion totaled 1,682 loans in FY2018, with 70% of loans were provided to wholesale and retail businesses. Customers include corporations/individuals working in fields that are popular overseas such as Japanese cuisine and traditional crafts (such as food, sake, ceramics, lacqueredware, etc.).

### Supporting Business Revitalization and Succession Actively

Through the Loan Programs for business revitalization support, the Micro Unit supports businesses undergoing corporate reorganization through collaboration with regional financial institutions, involvement of the Small and Medium Size Business Rehabilitation Support Cooperative, or approval of reconstruction plans based on the Civil Rehabilitation Act.

In FY2018, the total number for Corporate Reconstruction Loans was 6,483.

In addition, by installing business revitalization support staff in 152 branch offices nationwide, besides being able to respond flexibly to consultations for easing of loan repayments, such as temporary repayment grace of principal, concessions on repayments, and reduction of payment installments, we also give advice regarding solving business issues and support for creating business improvement plans.

JFC also collaborated with local financial institutions, tax accounts, business succession support centers, and others to provide financial and information support to businesses that are addressing business succession.

In FY2018, the number of loans for business succession was 4,049, totaling 35 billion yen.

Financing was provided in the form of funds necessary to acquire shares or business assets, funds necessary for preparations for business succession including development of a successor, and so on. In addition, by collaboration with organizations that support business succession, JFC also undertook development of consultation arrangements that can provide information according to the business succession issues of each customer.

Note: Number of loans providing funds necessary for business succession (funds necessary for business diversification, business transformation, or other new measures at the time of a business succession are not included).
Collaboration with Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Societies of Commerce and Industry, Regional Financial Institutions, and Environmental Health Trade Associations

Micro Unit works in close collaboration with regional Chambers of Commerce and Industry, and with Societies of Commerce and Industry throughout Japan to support business improvement of micro/small businesses through providing Managerial Improvement Loans and consultation sessions.

Managerial Improvement Loans (MARUKEI Loans) are a program whereby micro/small businesses receiving management guidance, such as from Chambers of Commerce and Industry or Societies of Commerce and Industry, can utilize funds needed for managerial improvement without collateral and guarantors. Since the establishment of this program in 1973, approximately 5.09 million loans have been provided.

Also, in 2015, the Micro/Small Business Management Development Support Fund was established which can be used by micro/small businesses who are working towards sustainable development, and have received assistance in developing and executing a business plan through certified management development support programs offered by Chambers of Commerce and Industry or Societies of Commerce and Industry.

Structure of Managerial Improvement Loans (MARUKEI Loans)

Consultation, application → Collaboration → Recommendation → Management guidance → Micro/Small Business

Changes in Managerial Improvement Loans (MARUKEI Loans)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount (Billion yen)</th>
<th>Number of loans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY2016</td>
<td>257.1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2017</td>
<td>270.1</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2018</td>
<td>279.1</td>
<td>20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Holding of “One-Day JFC” Consultation Sessions at Chambers of Commerce and Industry or at Societies of Commerce and Industry

Consultation sessions called “One-Day JFC,” where staff from Micro Unit consult on finance, are held at Chambers of Commerce and Industry or at Societies of Commerce and Industry. Every year, many micro/small businesses come to ask for advice.

Collaboration with Environmental Health Trade Associations and Environmental Health Business Guidance Centers

Micro Unit works with such organizations as Environmental Health Trade Associations and Environmental Health Business Guidance Centers to support the maintenance and enhancement of the sanitation level of environmental health-related businesses. The majority of the borrowers of Environmental Health Business Loans are businesses with 9 or fewer employees. Approximately 80% are sole proprietorship, and approximately 50% have been before start-ups or in business for 5 years or less.

Cooperation with approved management innovation support organizations such as tax accountants, certified public accountants, and SME management consultants

Management support provided through approved management innovation support organizations such as tax accountant, etc. who play a large role in supporting SMEs and micro/small businesses, and financial support from JFC come together to support micro/small business owners in business sectors like start-ups, management innovation, business revitalization, etc.

Note: Approved management innovation support organizations are support organizations recognized under the Act for Facilitating New Business Activities of Small and Medium-sized Enterprise. Please visit the Medium Enterprise Agency website for more information.
Collaboration with Regional Financial Institutions

We promote cooperation with regional financial institutions to meet the customer’s convenience and revitalization of the local economy. We are actively engaged in providing collaborative loans to help with the development of the cooperative loan scheme (Note) and the creation of cooperative loan products, which is part of efforts to enhance the effectiveness of cooperation with regard to support in various fields including business start-ups, business revitalization, business succession and social businesses.

Note: A cooperative loan scheme has specific referral rules for projects treated as cooperative loans.

Educational Loans for School Entrance Fees and Related Expenses

The Micro Unit handles Educational Loans to lighten the financial burden of educational expenses on families and provide equal educational opportunities. Approximately 120,000 Educational Loans were provided in FY2018.

Loans to families with large educational expenses

Educational Loans are primarily provided to families with university or technical college students, who incur large educational expenses.

Providing Loans Secured by Governmental Pensions or Mutual Pensions

Loans Secured by Governmental Pensions or Mutual Pensions, etc., are offered only by JFC (or the Okinawa Development Finance Corporation in Okinawa Prefecture) in accordance with the Act on Loans Rendered by Japan Finance Corporation Secured by Public Officers Pension (Act No. 91 of 1954). These loans can be used for a broad range of purposes, including home purchases and business funding.

Micro Unit Supports Developing Countries

Supporting Developing Countries by ODA (Official Development Assistance)

The Micro Unit provides assistance to overcome issues which financial institutions in developing countries are facing through technical cooperation by Official Development Assistance (ODA). This assistance has been implemented by sharing our accumulated credit analysis know-how on micro and small enterprises. In specific terms, the Unit is conducting local and national seminars, etc. concerning small and medium enterprises (SMEs) financing in cooperation with the Ministry of Finance Policy Research Institute. To date, these have been implemented in Viet Nam, Malaysia and Laos and presently implementing the technical cooperation with Myanmar.

i. Laos

The Micro Unit implemented the technical cooperation project from FY2011 to FY2017 with the Lao Development Bank (LDB), which is a state-owned commercial bank in Laos. With the aim of developing LDB human resources and credit analysis skills, eight seminars were held in Laos and Japan and the Micro Unit provided lectures about our credit analysis. We also cooperated to create their own credit analysis manual.

ii. Myanmar

We have been conducting technical cooperation project for Myanmar Economic Bank (MEB), which is the largest state managed bank in Myanmar, since April 2015. We provided support through four seminars in Myanmar and Japan. These measures have been highly valued in Myanmar, and we launched second phase of the project in June 2018.
Overview of Operations

Status of Loan and Feature of Operations
The AFFF Unit provides long-term financing, taking into account the fact that the agricultural, forestry and fisheries sectors have unique business characteristics such as long investment recovery periods and unstable income caused by the effects of weather. Assistance is also provided to the food industry, which contributes to the stable supply of domestically produced agricultural, forestry and fisheries products, as well as helping to increase value-added levels.

Changes in loan amounts

Breakdown of loans (FY2018)

Exercise of Safety Net Functions
The AFFF Unit offers dynamic support in the form of long-term working capital loans to provide agricultural, forestry, and fisheries operators as a safety net function against short-term crises such as natural disasters including earthquake, typhoon, tsunami, etc., contagious livestock diseases, and falls in the price of agricultural products.

Promotion of Consulting Activities through Project Assessment
The AFFF Unit organizes managerial strengths and deficiencies with customers, investigates means of leveraging managerial strengths that the customer may have difficulty recognising and measures to overcome weaknesses, and performs project assessment to promise solutions to problems in order to provide robust support for achieving the customer's management objectives.

Diverse Management Support Services
The AFFF Unit provides various services for supporting the operations of customers in the agricultural, forestry, fisheries and food businesses.

Customer call center and periodic consultation desk services
The AFFF Unit provides easily accessible consultation services at a customer call center and at the 48 branches nationwide where the Unit is permanently based, as well as at 119 consultation service sites that operate throughout Japan on a routine schedule.

Management support provided through collaboration with management advisors and external networks
Advisors in the fields of agriculture, forestry, and fisheries respond to consultation requests from customers concerning all aspects of their business management.

We also cooperate with private financial institutions and external specialized agencies such as the Japan Professional Agriculture total support Organization (J-PAO) and the Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO) on matters concerning business cooperation in order to provide assistance with customer problems.

Business matching support
The AFFF Unit supports efforts by agricultural, forestry and fishery business operators as well as food manufacturing companies to expand their own sales channels and customer base. It does this by means of the Agri-Food EXPO (an exhibit and business fair for domestically produced agricultural products) and JFC Internet Business Matching, leveraging its unique capabilities by wide-ranging support for the production, processing and sales of agricultural, forestry, fisheries products.

Provision of information
The AFFF Unit provides customers and relevant organizations with useful information through its AFC Forum and Agriculture & Food Business Support information magazines, various reports such as the Business Confidence Survey of the Agricultural Industry and the Survey on Movement of the Food Industry, and through news releases, the website and the email distribution service.

Promoting Cooperation with Private Financial Institutions in the Agricultural, Forestry, and Fisheries Sectors
The AFFF Unit promotes collaborative financing with private financial institutions such as cooperative loans and outsourced lending and is working to build an environment that encourages private financial institutions to actively enter financing of agricultural, forestry and fisheries fields by providing information on industry trends and assessment of agricultural credit risks (Agricultural Credit Risk Information Service (ACRIS)) and also offering capital contributions and securitization support services.
Feature of Operations

Agriculture

By providing loans in line with the policies of the Basic Law on Food, Agriculture and Rural Areas, and those of the Basic Plan for Food, Agriculture and Rural Areas, the AFFF Unit actively supports efforts of farmers to improve their management with drive and innovative ideas.

- **Supporting people engaged in agriculture through long-term loans**

  Through long-term financing such as Super L Loans the AFFF Unit supports management improvements such as scale expansion, cost reduction and the “Sixth Industry” (e.g., processing, sales, and other business undertaken integrally by agricultural, forestry, and fishery businesses to increase the added value of products) by diverse local farmers, including companies of rice growing, horticulture, livestock farming, and other operations, as well as large-scale family-run operations, new farmers, and companies entering the agriculture field.

Forestry

By providing loans in line with the policies of the Basic Law on Forest and Forestry, the AFFF Unit actively supports the improvement of forest that has multifunctional roles, and the creation of structures to supply and process domestically harvested lumber.

- **The AFFF Unit provides financing to customers in the forestry business, for which capital recovery periods are very long.**

  It generally takes about 50 years for a forest to develop and so recovering any capital takes a very long time. For this reason, the AFFF Unit supports forestry operators by providing the ultra-long-term finance that is required until logging.

Fisheries

By supplying loans in line with the policies of the Fisheries Basic Act, the AFFF Unit actively supports efforts to ensure a stable supply of marine products and the sustained use of marine resources.

- **Supporting principal fishery operators**

  The Fisheries Management Improvement Support Loan is a financing program that provides comprehensive support to fisheries operators wishing to improve their businesses. Since 2007, the AFFF Unit has participated actively in the G Project(Note), and the loan amount has remained steady.

  In FY2018, Fisheries Management Improvement Support Loans, which proactively supported building of larger fishing vessels, came to 19.6 billion yen.

  Note: The Fisheries Structural Reform Project (G Project) was launched by the national government in FY2007 to promote collaboration between the AFFF Unit and local communities to raise the profitability of the fisheries by fishing boats.

Food Processing and Distribution Industry

Through providing loans to food processing and distribution industry that deal in domestic agricultural, forestry, and fishery products, the AFFF Unit actively supports efforts to use domestically produced raw materials and for improving added value.

- **Helping to promote the use of domestic agricultural, forestry and fishery products**

  Loans to the food processing and distribution industry to use domestically produced agricultural, forestry, and fishery products as raw materials or products, and are aimed at promotion of domestically produced agricultural, forestry and fishery products. An estimation of the effects of the loans made in FY2018 suggests that the transaction volumes of domestically produced agricultural, forestry, and fishery products will increase by approximately 273,000 tons over the next five years.

  In particular, one of the requirements for the Hilly and Mountainous Areas Revitalization Loan and the Food Distribution System Improvement Loan (Food production manufacturing affiliated business facilities, food production and sales affiliated business facilities) is an increase in the trading volume of domestically produced agricultural, forestry and fishery products. The requirement helps to promote collaboration between the agricultural, forestry and fisheries sectors and the food industry.
Exercising Safety Net Functions Following Disasters and Changes in Business Conditions

The AFFF Unit offers dynamic support in the form of long-term working capital loans to provide agricultural, forestry, and fisheries operators as a safety net function against short-term crises such as natural disasters including earthquake, typhoon, tsunami, etc., contagious livestock diseases, and falls in the price of agricultural products.

“Sixth Industry” Development and Export Measures

- The AFFF Unit supports measures for the development of “Sixth Industry” (integrated processing and sales measures for increasing the added value of products) by agricultural, forestry, and fisheries business operators through various financing programs and the provision of information.
- The AFFF Unit also provides support through various financing programs and the provision of information in cases where agricultural, forestry, and fisheries business operators and food processing companies export domestic agricultural products and other processed products to improve their own business or promote domestic agricultural, forestry, and fisheries products and in cases where agricultural business operators sell domestic agricultural products overseas.

In FY2018 loans to activities due to improved management by the “Sixth Industry” (e.g., processing, sales, and other business undertaken integrally by agricultural, forestry, and fishery businesses to increase the added value of products) increased to: 1,832 businesses (118% compared to the previous fiscal year), 155.8 billion yen (102% compared to the previous fiscal year).

Support for New Farmers and New Entrants to Agriculture

Support was provided to various financing programs such as the Agricultural Employment Fund for Youth, etc. which offers loans to new farmers, new entrants to agricultural business, and authorized new farmers and information was provided.

- Loans to new farmers, new entrants to agriculture

In FY2018, loans to new agricultural business and new entry farmers came to 2,418 businesses (108% compared to the previous fiscal year), and 73.1 billion yen (103% compared to the previous fiscal year).

From FY2014, newly started loans to Agricultural Employment Fund for Youth, etc. (Note) came to: 1,605 businesses (106% compared to the previous fiscal year), 12.9 billion yen (103% compared to the previous fiscal year).

Note: Loans to support authorized new farmers certified by municipalities under the Young Farmers Plan as young people engaging in new farming businesses.
Consulting Activities through Project Assessments

By conducting project assessments and follow-ups based on the results, active support is provided to customers who seek to expand the scope of business, diversify business, or undertake determined business development.

Framework of project assessment

The AFFF Unit organizes managerial strengths and deficiencies with customers, investigates means of leveraging managerial strengths that the customer may have difficulty recognising and measures to overcome weaknesses, and performs project assessment to promise solutions to problems in order to provide robust support for achieving the customer’s management objectives.

Main points of project assessment

The AFFF Unit has customers prepare Management Vision Sheets to review past management and reaffirm strengths and weaknesses and to clarify their vision for the future.

The AFFF Unit segments and actively evaluates management capacities (including past management performance and the basis for realizing management development) and management strategies (the basis for future management development) in order to accurately discern management strengths and growth potentials.

Management issues are then identified, taking into consideration the external environment and other factors, solutions to those issues are investigated with the customer, and various problem-solving support not limited to financing but also including management support services is provided.

Consulting activities through project assessment

The AFFF Unit provides consulting services through project assessments, linking aspects from determining the customer’s current status to sharing issues and supporting solutions.
Providing a Wide Range of Management Support Services

The AFFF Unit provides various suggestions and offers information for customers tailored to their needs and concerns at convenient locations. Such services include management improvement advice, business match-making, and referrals to experts.

### Business Management Support by Agricultural, Forestry, and Fishery Management Advisors

Responding to requests from farmers for advice on taxes, labor, marketing, and other topics from experts who understand the unique characteristics of agriculture, the AFFF Unit created the Agricultural Management Advisor Program in FY2005. A total of 5,048 Agricultural Management Advisors now serve in all 47 prefectures. The AFFF Unit also conducted the Senior Agricultural Management Advisor program to develop staff with the skills to play a leading role in more advanced management issues. 73 people across Japan were registered through this program.

In FY2016, in addition to exchanging and sharing information among agricultural management advisors towards the next-level promotion of the Agricultural Management Advisor Program, AFFF Unit established the nationwide Agricultural Management Advisor Promotional Council and the prefectural Agricultural Advisor Liaison Committees to enhance ties with agricultural organizations, and other entities.

The Forestry and Fishery Management Advisor Program, created in FY2008, has produced 101 forestry management advisors and 71 fishery management advisors.

### Breakdown of agricultural management advisors (as of March 31, 2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural extension officers, etc.</td>
<td>610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax accountants and SME management consultants</td>
<td>1,171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private financial institutions (including agricultural cooperatives)</td>
<td>2,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JFC employees</td>
<td>365</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Business Matching Support

#### Agri-Food EXPO, domestic agricultural product exhibition and business fair held

In FY2018, the AFFF Unit again hosted the Agri-Food EXPO, Japan’s nationwide agricultural product exhibition and business fair, in Tokyo (August 2018) and in Osaka (February 2019).

Held since FY2006, the Agri-Food EXPO is an exhibition and business fair for providing business matching opportunities that link farmers and food processors, who are looking for market expansion, together with buyers.

Farmers and food processors committed to local agricultural produce came to exhibit from all over Japan, and held lively business negotiations with the buyers in attendance.

### Advanced Management Supports Such as Overseas Expansion, etc. through Collaboration with External Networks

The AFFF Unit collaborates with external networks (Japan Professional Agriculture Total Support Organization (J-PAO), Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO), and other organizations) to support the business growth of its customers and respond accurately to the diverse management issues they face, such as the development of new sales channels, financial improvement, and productivity enhancement.

For example, J-PAO gets assistance from its members from a wide variety of types of businesses and uses its agriculture-support know-how to provide sales and commercialization support to customers. JETRO hosts an export business conference at Agri-Food EXPO Tokyo and Osaka, where it provides assistance in the form of matching with overseas buyers.

In addition, the AFFF Unit supports customers of agricultural, forestry, and fisheries businesses who are working to export agricultural produce for the first time through cooperation with domestic and overseas trading companies by conducting Trial Export Support Projects (preparations for exporting, exporting procedures, sales feedback from export destinations, etc.).

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**Scheme of the Trial Export Support Project**

1. Consultation and application
2. Subcontracting, matching between producers and export companies
3. Shipping product
4. Financing customs and exporting
5. Feedback of sales situation
Support for Private Financial Institutions in the Agricultural, Forestry, and Fisheries Sectors

The AFFF Unit works to create an environment that encourages private financial institutions to actively provide loans to agricultural, forestry, and fisheries businesses by providing information concerning risk assessments as well as by supporting financing and securitization.

Working to Strengthen Cooperation with Private Financial Institutions

The AFFF Unit, in addition to concluding outsourcing agreements with 642 private financial institutions, is committed to support private financial institutions to enter into the market of agricultural, forestry, fisheries finance by concluding “MOU for business collaborations” with 410 private financial institutions, beginning with the Kagoshima Bank Ltd., in April 2004.

Agricultural Credit Risk Information Service (ACRIS)

The Agricultural Credit Risk Information Service (ACRIS) is an agricultural scoring model designed by the AFFF Unit to facilitate the active entry by private financial institutions into the market of agricultural finance (a fee-based membership service).

The AFFF Unit positions ACRIS as a tool for stimulating agricultural lending, and is strengthening its business collaboration with ACRIS members such as financial institutions and tax accountants.

The accuracy of the model is examined annually, and improvements are made to reflect economic conditions and other factors if necessary.

Securitization Support

The AFFF Unit established a credit supplementation program (securitization support operation) to encourage private financial institutions to promote agricultural lending. This program has been in operation since October 2008.

By using this program, private financial institutions can transfer credit risks worth up to 80% of the loan amounts or a maximum of 50 million yen to JFC.

As of March 31, 2019, a total of 131 financial institutions had signed a basic agreement with the AFFF Unit.

92 of these financial institutions developed new loan products for farmers that incorporated credit supplementation under this program.

Providing Investment Support to Agricultural Corporations

The AFFF Unit has been making capital contributions to Investment Limited Partnerships (LPS) and stock companies to invest in agriculture corporations with the business program approval of the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries. This is done to support the adequacy of equity capital of leading agricultural corporations which will sustain regional agriculture businesses.

| Financial Institutions under Basic Agreements with JFC (As of March 31, 2019) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Banks | Shinkin banks | Credit cooperatives | Total |
| Hokkaido | 1 | 12 | 2 | 15 |
| Tohoku | 7 | 5 | 1 | 13 |
| Kanto | 3 | 7 | 2 | 12 |
| Chubu | 7 | 22 | 3 | 32 |
| Kinki | 5 | 10 | — | 15 |
| Chugoku | 2 | 11 | 1 | 14 |
| Shikoku | 5 | 2 | — | 7 |
| Kyushu | 10 | 12 | 1 | 23 |
| Total | 40 | 81 | 10 | 131 |
| (Of these, institutions that developed new programs) | (32) | (55) | (5) | (92) |

| Images of scoring results obtained using ACRIS |

| Private financial institutions, etc. |
|---|---|
| Nation |
| Capital contributions |
| JFC |
| Capital contributions (less than 1/2) |
| Capital contributions (less than 1/2) |
| Business plan approval |

| Investors |
|---|---|
| Investment Limited Partnerships (LPS) |
| Limited liability partners (founders/partners) |
| Private financial institutions, etc. |
| Public companies |
| Capital contributions |
| Management support |

| Agricultural corporations (including producers) |
|---|---|
| (As of March 31, 2019) |
| Number of capital contributions | 13 associations |
| Number of capital contributions | 1 company |
| Pledged investment amount or investment amount (of which invested by JFC) | 6.86 billion yen |
| Pledged investment amount or investment amount (of which invested by JFC) | (3.36 billion yen) |
| Pledged investment amount or investment amount (of which invested by JFC) | 4.07 billion yen |
| Pledged investment amount or investment amount (of which invested by JFC) | (2.03 billion yen) |
Overview of Operations

The Roles and Scope of the SME Unit as Policy-based Financing

Policy-based financing in Japan provides financial support under the nation’s key policies towards certain fields, such as new business development, business revitalization, business succession, and overseas expansion, that involve high risks.

Based on these policies, while supplementing private financial institutions as a policy-based financial institution specialized in SMEs, the SME Unit supports the growth and development of SMEs through its financial tools as well as serving as a safety net functions.

Loan Programs

The SME Unit complements the financing of private financial institutions through its stable, long-term, fixed interest rate loans that is needed for the business growth of SMEs.

Credit Insurance Programs

To facilitate the smooth flow of funds to SMEs and micro/small businesses, these programs focus on the acceptance of insurance on Credit Guarantee Corporations (CGCs) guaranteed liabilities associated with loans to SMEs and micro/small businesses.

- Insurance on CGCs guaranteed liabilities involving loans to SMEs and micro/small businesses
- Loans to CGCs
- Special Insurance Programs for Mid-size Enterprises
- Transitional Operation of the Machinery Credit Insurance Programs

Securitization Support Programs

With the aim of facilitating the smooth supply of unsecured funds to SMEs, these programs support private financial institutions in their endeavors based on securitization methods. Securitization support methods consist of the “purchase-type,” “guarantee-type” and “securitization of account receivables.”
**Feature of Operations**

### SME Unit’s Clients

SMEs and micro/small businesses account for 99% of all businesses in Japan, and are both the source of Japanese economic vitality as well as the primary force underpinning regional economies.

The size and conditions of each SME and micro/small business differ, such as companies that sustain the regional economy with many employees, long-established companies with a history over one hundred years and family-owned private shops.

The SME Unit provides a wide range of support to meet the individual needs of each SME and micro/small business through its financial tools, Loan Programs, Credit Insurance Programs and Securitization Support Programs.

### Characteristics of SME Unit’s Clients

**Loan Programs (Direct Loans)**

- Number of clients: 43 thousand businesses
  - Average loan for FY2018
  - Average loan amount per client: 86 million yen
  - Average term of loan: 8 years and 11 months
  - Average amount of capital per client: 40 million yen
  - Average number of employees per client: 73
- Approximately 79% of outstanding loans are to businesses with 20 employees or more, and approximately 93% have capital of 10 million yen or more.
- Covers a wide range of industries particularly manufacturing (approximately 47% of outstanding loans as of the end of FY2018)

**Credit Insurance Programs**

- Number of clients: 1.22 million businesses
  - Average insurance for FY2018
  - Average amount of insurance acceptance per client: 17 million yen
  - Average term of insurance: 4 years and 10 months
  - Average number of employees per client: 7
- Approximately 76% of the outstanding amounts of insurance are to businesses with 20 employees or less, and approximately 71% have capital of 10 million yen or less.
- Covers a wide range of industries

*Note: Results are current as of March 31, 2019.*

### The SME Unit also helps to maintain employment, with the number of employees at the 43 thousand businesses receiving support (direct loans) rising to approximately 2.61 million persons (as of March 31, 2019).
Loan Programs

Supplementing private financial institutions both in quality and quantity with a stable supply of long-term funds

Dedicated to long-term funding

If SMEs are to grow and prosper, they must continually invest capital appropriately and consolidate their financial strength. To do this, they need to be able to raise long-term funds in a stable manner.

However, SMEs are at a disadvantage to larger enterprises in gaining access to funds from capital markets.

The SME Unit specializes in long-term funds. More than 50% of the SME Unit’s loans have lending periods of over 5 years, with fixed interest rates that make it easier to map out repayment schedules.

By complementing private financial institutions, the SME Unit meets the long-term funding needs of SMEs, which are a vital component of the Japanese economy.

Stable supply of business funds

Growth in loans to SMEs was high during the economic downtown precipitated by the collapse of Lehman Brothers and conversely has been declining during the period of economic recovery.

Over the years, the SME Unit has provided SMEs with stable, long-term business funds by supplementing private financial institutions.

Growth rate changes in outstanding loans to SMEs (year-on-year change)
Promoting special-purpose loans based on government policies to meet the needs of the times

- **Safety net**
  By providing finance through the Great East Japan Earthquake Recovery Special Loans, the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake Recovery Special Loans, the Heavy Rain Event of July 2018 Special Loans and Safety Net Loans, the SME Unit assisted with the financing requirements and business reconstruction needs of SMEs experiencing a harsh business environment, including those SMEs that sustained damage during the Great East Japan Earthquake.

- **Capital subordinated loans**
  The SME Unit supports reinforcing the financial standing of SMEs engaged in new businesses and business reconstructions, by applying the Provision Scheme for Challenge Support and Capital Enhancement (Capital Subordinated Loans) in cooperation with private financial institutions. Liabilities under this provision scheme may be treated as shareholders' equity under the borrower classifications determined by financial institutions.

- **Supporting new businesses**
  The SME Unit provides active support to SMEs trying to develop new businesses with high growth potential, such as venture companies, through Loans to Foster Growth of New Businesses. Since the program began in February 2000, 613.7 billion yen has been loaned to 12,895 businesses (as of March 31, 2019). In addition, the SME Unit also offers Stock Subscription Rights Loans, an unsecured loan program through acquisition of new share options issued by companies.

- **Support for overseas investment**
  The SME Unit provides active support for the overseas expansion of SMEs, such as providing Loans for Overseas Investment and Expansion, supporting the local currency denominated fundraising by SMEs’ overseas subsidiaries and branches through the Standby Letter of Credit Program, offering management consulting services and holding business network meetings abroad.

  In FY2018, Loans for Overseas Investment and Expansion were utilized by 595 businesses, for a total of 37.4 billion yen (including loans in foreign currency).

  Also, the Standby Letter of Credit Program was utilized by 108 businesses. Letters of credit were issued to the financial institutions in Thailand, China, Republic of Korea, the Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia, Viet Nam, Hong Kong, Mexico, Singapore and Taiwan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loans to Foster Growth of New Businesses</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FY</strong></td>
<td>FY2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of businesses</td>
<td>1,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount of loans (billion yen)</td>
<td>99.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stock Subscription Rights Loans</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FY</strong></td>
<td>FY2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of businesses</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount of loans (million yen)</td>
<td>570</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Changes in loan operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Billion yen)</th>
<th>FY2013</th>
<th>FY2014</th>
<th>FY2015</th>
<th>FY2016</th>
<th>FY2017</th>
<th>FY2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>49.7</td>
<td>20.5</td>
<td>24.8</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>13.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56.0</td>
<td>41.0</td>
<td>35.3</td>
<td>35.2</td>
<td>36.1</td>
<td>33.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Loans for Overseas Investment and Expansion (by countries and regions) (FY2018)

- **China** (including Hong Kong): 202 businesses
- **ASEAN**: 230 businesses
- **Vietnam**: 71 businesses
- **Thailand**: 51 businesses
- **Philippines**: 37 businesses
- **Other ASEAN countries**: 69 businesses
- **United States**: 49 businesses
- **Others**: 114 businesses

The SME Unit provides active support to SMEs trying to develop new businesses with high growth potential, such as venture companies, through Loans to Foster Growth of New Businesses. Since the program began in February 2000, 613.7 billion yen has been loaned to 12,895 businesses (as of March 31, 2019). In addition, the SME Unit also offers Stock Subscription Rights Loans, an unsecured loan program through acquisition of new share options issued by companies.
Supporting the procurement of local funds overseas through the Standby Letter of Credit Program

The SME Unit commenced its operation of the Standby Letter of Credit Program from FY2012 and supports efficient capital procurement overseas. In addition, we work in collaboration with domestic regional financial institutions to allow more SMEs to make use of this program.

About the Standby Letter of Credit Program

The Standby Letter of Credit Program supports SMEs and micro/small businesses’ overseas subsidiaries' and branches’ smooth procurement of long-term local currency denominated funds from JFC’s partnering overseas financial institutions by using JFC’s standby letter of credit as a guarantee. As of the end of March 2019, and the number of affiliated financial institutions expanded to 15 institutions, located primarily in Asia.

In order to allow more SMEs to make use of this program, JFC established a scheme to partner regional financial institutions throughout Japan in FY2013, and through the end of March 2019, JFC established collaborative relationships with 61 regional financial institutions.

The cumulative usage (until March 31, 2019) of this program since its start in FY2012 has reached 531 businesses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Affiliated overseas financial institutions</th>
<th>Head office location</th>
<th>Affiliated financial institutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Ping An Bank Co., Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>State Bank of India</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>PI Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan (target region: China)</td>
<td>The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan (target region: China)</td>
<td>The Bank of Nogyo, Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan (target region: China)</td>
<td>The Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
<td>KB Kookmin Bank</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>CIMB Bank Berhad</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Banco Mercantil del Norte, S.A.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>United Overseas Bank Limited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Cooperative Bank</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viet Nam</td>
<td>VietinBank</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viet Nam</td>
<td>HD Bank</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: As of the end of March, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stakeholder</th>
<th>Affiliated financial institutions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Customers (Domestic parent company)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overseas subsidiary (Subsidiary company)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An Invaluable Source of Financing during Our Start-up Period

Kazuo Inamori, Honorary Chairman of Kyocera Corporation (listed in the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange)

Around the third year after Kyocera was founded, I was a managing executive director and visited banks in search of funding for capital investment. However, we did not have any collateral and were ultimately unsuccessful in borrowing funds. Eventually I was introduced to Japan Finance Corporation for Small and Medium Enterprise (JASME; current JFC), and gratefully accepted the opportunity to meet the branch manager. I made a faltering pitch, “We are a small venture company that just started up. We have generated over 10% profits since our first year of operation. I ask that you believe in the results that my three years of hard work have produced and grant our company a loan.” Perhaps my earnest appeal hit the mark. After a pause, the branch manager replied “All right. We will extend you a loan against the machinery you plan to buy with the funds.” I remember how deeply moved I was by the manager’s courageous decision to believe in us and grant a loan against collateral to be purchased later, in what amounted to a very risky decision in light of the accepted wisdom of financial institutions at the time.

It is thanks to the decision made 40 years ago by that branch manager, who extended funding to us on the basis of our character when no other financial institution would, that today’s Kyocera exists.

Source: Extracted from a column entitled “A 50 Year History of Japan Finance Corporation for Small and Medium Enterprise (JASME),” published by JASME in December 2003 (author’s title is that held at time of writing).
Credit Insurance Programs

Facilitating the smooth flow of funds to SMEs and micro/small businesses by working together with the Credit Guarantee System

Role of the Credit Insurance System

The SME Unit insures guaranteed liabilities (credit guarantees) provided by CGCs to SMEs and micro/small businesses that fall short in terms of collateral or creditworthiness when raising funds from financial institutions or issuing corporate bonds. Instituted under the Small and Medium-sized Enterprise Credit Insurance Act (Act No. 264 of 1950), the purpose of the Credit Insurance System is to promote the development of SMEs and micro/small businesses by insuring guarantees for SME loans and similar liabilities. It is designed so that the Credit Insurance System and the Credit Guarantee System together facilitate the smooth supply of business funds for SMEs and micro/small businesses. This mechanism is known as the Credit Supplementation System and plays a vital role in the Japanese government’s SME finance policy.

Also, with regard to the Credit Supplementation System, legislation for the partial revision of the Small and Medium-sized Enterprise Credit Insurance Act to Promote Improvements and Developments of SME’s Business Management (Act No. 56 of 2017) came into force in April 2018. The SME Unit will continue to steadily carry out its operations under the revised Credit Supplementation System and enhance its efforts by collaborating with relevant institutions to ensure the sustainable operation of the system.

Securitization Support Programs

Supporting the smooth supply of unsecured funds by private financial institutions using securitization methods

The securitization of loan claims for SMEs is conducted from the standpoint of ensuring smooth facilitation of SME financing.

In FY2018, the “synthetic CLO of regional financial institutions (Clover 2019 LLC)” was issued in the securitization support purchasing business. Besides entering into credit default swap (CDS) contracts with 25 regional financial institutions, the SME Unit acquired 8.4 billion yen of the 33.5 billion yen in corporate bonds issued by the special-purpose company (SPC) (Clover 2019 LLC), and also guaranteed 3.8 billion yen in the bonds. 34.5 billion yen in unsecured loans were provided to 1,693 companies in 26 prefectures by this CLO.

By appropriately sharing the credit risks, credit analysis, and administrative burdens of securitization, the SME Unit offers securitization methods convenient for private financial institutions to smoothly supply unsecured funds to SMEs and to diversify the means by which such funds are provided.

Methods of securitization support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase-type</th>
<th>Guarantee-type</th>
<th>Securitization of account receivables</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operations that involve the securitization of unsecured SME loan claims, etc., acquired by way of transfer from private financial institutions or the use of credit default swap (CDS) contracts</td>
<td>Operations that involve the partial guarantee of unsecured SME loan claims, etc., securitized by private financial institutions as well as the guarantee of partial purchase of securitized instruments</td>
<td>Operations that involve support in the securitization of account receivable claims held by SMEs (suppliers) through such means as the provision of guarantees by the SME Unit for private financial institution loan claims against a special-purpose company (SPC) as well as the provision of loans by the Unit to the SPC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: In addition to “Purchase-type” and “Guarantee-type” Operations, the SME Unit implements the CDO Program, under which it securitizes claims on loans provided by itself or corporate bonds acquired by itself.
Operations to Facilitate Crisis Responses and Specific Businesses Promotion, etc.

Overview of Operations to Facilitate Crisis Responses

At the occurrence of such event as domestic or international financial disorder and large-scale natural disasters that is declared a crisis by the competent ministers, JFC provides certain specified type of credit to the financial institutions designated by the competent ministers. Since a business’s credit risk generally increases at the time of a crisis, it is assumed that private financial institutions would be unable to provide a satisfactory amount of funds. As a measure to counter this situation, JFC supplies credit to the designated financial institutions to encourage smooth funding of the affected business.

Loans (two-step loans)

JFC provides loans from fiscal loan funds, etc. to designated financial institutions. The balance as of March 31, 2019 was 1,815.3 billion yen.

Interest subsidies

JFC provides interest subsidies to designated financial institutions for loans, etc., made by those institutions through loans and partial risk complementation by JFC.

Results of operations to facilitate crisis responses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two-step loans</td>
<td>1,430.1</td>
<td>3,869.3</td>
<td>405.2</td>
<td>1,153.4</td>
<td>733.7</td>
<td>559.3</td>
<td>130.0</td>
<td>105.2</td>
<td>529.2</td>
<td>85.4</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans, etc.</td>
<td>1,130.3</td>
<td>3,529.4</td>
<td>405.2</td>
<td>1,153.4</td>
<td>733.7</td>
<td>559.3</td>
<td>130.0</td>
<td>105.2</td>
<td>529.2</td>
<td>85.4</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial paper (CP) acquisitions</td>
<td>299.8</td>
<td>339.8</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss compensation</td>
<td>345.1</td>
<td>1,811.9</td>
<td>1,893.3</td>
<td>1,739.8</td>
<td>1,470.2</td>
<td>1,409.3</td>
<td>1,234.2</td>
<td>1,077.5</td>
<td>547.3</td>
<td>89.2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans, etc.</td>
<td>345.1</td>
<td>1,781.9</td>
<td>1,893.3</td>
<td>1,739.8</td>
<td>1,470.2</td>
<td>1,409.3</td>
<td>1,234.2</td>
<td>1,077.5</td>
<td>547.3</td>
<td>89.2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial paper (CP) acquisitions</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity participations</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest subsidies</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>12.4</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. The figures for the two-step loans refer to the amounts of loans JFC provided to the designated financial institutions (Development Bank of Japan Inc. and The Shoko Chukin Bank, Ltd.) through the end of March 2019.
2. With respect to loss compensation, the figures for loans, etc. represent the amounts of loans provided by designated financial institutions through the end of March 2019, with loss compensation underwritten by JFC for losses incurred by May 10, 2019.
3. The figures for interest subsidies represent the amounts of interest subsidies JFC provided to designated financial institutions for loans, etc. provided by the designated financial institutions through the end of September 2018 (in principle, disbursements pertaining to the period from October 1 each year to March 31 of the following year are made by June 10, while those pertaining to the period from April 1 to September 30 are made by December 10).
Overview of Operations to Facilitate Specific Businesses Promotion

In accordance with the Act on the Promotion of Businesses to Develop and Manufacture Energy and Environmentally Friendly Products (Act No. 38 of 2010), JFC lends funds (two-step loans \(^{(Note 1)}\)) needed for loans that are provided by designated financial institutions \(^{(Note 2)}\) to certified businesses \(^{(Note 3)}\) who are going to implement specific businesses certified by competent ministers. The balance as of March 31, 2019 was 24.2 billion yen.

Notes:
1. Loans provided by JFC from fiscal loan funds to designated financial institutions.
2. Financial institutions that submit applications and receive designations from competent ministers.
3. Businesses that prepare plans related to development or manufacturing of energy-efficient and/or environmentally-friendly products, and receive approval from competent ministers.

### Results of Operations to Facilitate Specific Businesses Promotion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two-step loans</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>10.6</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
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Notes:
2. The figures for two-step loans refer to the amount of loans provided by JFC to the designated financial institution (Development Bank of Japan Inc.) through the end of March 2019.

Overview of Operations to Facilitate Business Restructuring Promotion

In accordance with the Industrial Competitiveness Enhancement Act (Act No. 98 of 2013), JFC lends funds (two-step loans \(^{(Note 1)}\)) needed for loans that are provided by designated financial institutions \(^{(Note 2)}\) to certified businesses, etc. \(^{(Note 3)}\) who are going to implement business restructuring or special business restructuring certified by competent ministers for the purpose of improving business productivity in order to enhance industrial competitiveness. The balance as of March 31, 2019 was 20.5 billion yen.

Notes:
1. Loans provided by JFC from fiscal loan funds to designated financial institutions.
2. Financial institutions that submit applications and receive designations from competent ministers.
3. Businesses who implement approved business restructuring including their related business operators or businesses who implement approved special business restructuring including their related business operators that prepare plans for business restructuring, etc., and receive approval from competent ministers.

### Results of Operations to Facilitate Business Restructuring Promotion

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two-step loans</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>—</td>
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Notes:
2. The figures for two-step loans refer to the amount of loans provided by JFC to the designated financial institution (Development Bank of Japan Inc.) through the end of March 2019 (the figures before the start of Operations to Facilitate Business Restructuring Promotion are of loans issued under Operations to Facilitate Business Restructuring Promotion, etc. in accordance with the Act on the Special Measures for Industrial Revitalization and Innovation (Act No. 131 of 1999) that was abolished with the enactment of the Industrial Competitiveness Enhancement Act on January 20, 2014).
Research Institute

Striving for High Research Quality, Based on Field Work Only Possible at JFC with its Large Number of SME Clients

Functions and Features of the Research Institute

Research Institute is a comprehensive research institution whose research targets are a diverse range of SMEs, from micro businesses operated only by entrepreneurs and their families to high-tech ventures on the verge of going public. Relying on questionnaire- and interview-based surveys, as well as other types of field work only possible at JFC with its large number of SME clients, the Research Institute engages in highly specialized, original, and leading-edge research activities.

Surveys on SME Business Sentiment

- **Quarterly Survey on SME Trends**
  This quarterly survey is comprised of two parts: the micro business section, which surveys 10,000 micro businesses having fewer than 20 employees; and the SME section, which surveys 13,000 SMEs that generally employ at least 20 workers. It is a massive survey of economic outlook, which covers the whole gamut of SMEs, from self-employed individuals to businesses employing 300 workers.

- **Monthly Survey on Micro and Small Business Trends**
  This monthly survey targets 1,500 micro and small businesses having fewer than 20 employees. The survey captures the current business sentiment of small businesses in a timely manner by telephone surveys, which reduce the turnaround time for reporting.

- **Monthly Survey on SME Trends**
  This monthly survey of business sentiment covers 900 relatively large SMEs. The feature of this survey is that in Japan’s three major metropolitan areas, the manufacturing industry is given heavy emphasis. The survey has a history of more than 50 years since its inception in 1963, and its sales forecast diffusion index (DI) has been adopted by the Japanese government as a leading index of economic indicators.

- **Survey on Capital Investments by Manufacturing SMEs**
  This biannual survey reports on planned and actual capital investment among 30,000 SME manufacturers that employ between 20 and 299 workers. This is the largest and most detailed survey in Japan of capital investment trends among SMEs.
Thematic Research on the Current State and Issues Faced by SMEs

Surveys are conducted by selecting timely themes, such as the issues faced by SMEs, industries centered around SMEs, and trends in regional economies. Further research is conducted based on the survey results. Research findings are compiled into papers and reports, and are disseminated by means of journals, books, and other publications, as well as by way of academic societies, various types of research projects, and symposia.

* Most papers, reports, and survey results can be viewed on JFC’s website.

- **Research on the Structural Problems of SMEs**
  Surveys and research are conducted on structural problems faced by SMEs, including business start-ups, business succession, employment, financing, and involvement in local economies and communities.
  - **Main Surveys (conducted in FY2018)** –
    - Survey on Business Start-ups (FY2018 regular and special surveys)
    - Panel Survey on Business Start-ups
    - Survey on Starting Businesses and Entrepreneurial Minds
    - Survey on Travel in Japan by Foreign Tourists
    - Entrepreneurs’ Activities to Develop Networks before Business Start-up and How they Contribute to it
    - Survey on Growth Mechanisms of Business Start-Ups
  - **Main Research Papers and Reports (released in FY2018)** –
    - Effects on Management of Diverse Work Styles at Business Start-ups
    - Motivations to Establish Freelance Businesses and their Performance
    - Trends in SME Price-Setting Behavior and Price Rigidity
    - How Can SMEs Utilize the Increase in Inbound Tourists in Management

- **Research on Management Issues of SMEs**
  Cases are collected of SMEs that overcame the handicap of limited management resources, such as human resources, equipment and funds, to achieve success. Research findings are published annually as a book of case studies.
  - **FY2018 survey** –
    - Case Studies of Diversification of Work Styles at Small Businesses
  - **FY2018 publication** –
    - Revolutionaries in Small Service Industries: Strategies for Creating High Added Value

- **Research on Domestic and International Industry Trends**
  The latest trends occurring around SMEs, including innovations in technology and changes in production systems, are viewed from the perspective of industrial policy. Also the movements of SMEs are tracked from the contemporary perspective of promoting local economies, including their role in regional revitalization.
  - **Main Surveys (conducted in FY2018)** –
    - Current State and Management Issues Faced by SMEs in Truck Transportation Service Sectors
    - Manufacturing Strategies of SMEs in Sports Industries
    - Impacts of Reforms in the Automobile Industry on SMEs
    - Survey on Business Succession Measures at SMEs
  - **Main Research Papers and Reports (released in FY2018)** –
    - Small and Medium Manufacturers Creating New Added Value through Services in the IoT Era
    - Current State and Issues for SMEs Engaged in Non-Family Succession
    - Current State and Issues Concerning IT Use Faced by SMEs in Commerce and Service Sectors
    - Measures to Keep Human Resources for SMEs: Key Points based on Employee Awareness Surveys to Prevent Employees from Quitting Jobs
    - Survival Measures for Small and Medium Truck Operators

Japan Finance Corporation Symposium

Research Institute hosts a symposium every year. Discussions will be held between staff from the Research Institute and external panelists on on-going research findings. Participation of many people interested in this field such as SME scholars/researchers, SME owners and journalists, are highly appreciated.

In FY 2018, the theme of the symposium was Growth Mechanisms for Business Start-ups: Paths of Rapid-Growth Firms Observed by JFC.

The symposium will be held in November 2019. Further details will be announced on the JFC website and via leaflets.
Publications Issued by the Research Institute

Periodical Publications

**JFCRI Quarterly Research Report**
Quarterly (published on the 25th of February, May, August, and November)

Contains academic research papers written by staff from the Research Institute.

- Papers from outside the Research Institute are also included, giving SME researchers an opportunity to publish their research.

--- Main Papers Published in Volume 43 (May 2019) ---
- Actual State and Management Issues of Hobbyist Entrepreneurs Expanding Entrepreneurship Perspectives
- Entrepreneurs’ Activities to Develop Networks before Business Start-up and How they Contribute to It
- Growth Patterns and Attributes of Business Start-ups
- Temporary Organization in the Textile Industry: Analysis of Temporal and Spatial Conditions of Exhibitions

**JFC Research Institute Report**
Published occasionally

This research report brings together the latest research findings on the current state of SMEs and the issues they face, and disseminates those findings in a timely manner.

**Monthly Report**
Published on the 5th of every month

The aim of this magazine is to disseminate the research findings of the Research Institute to researchers, business managers and officials from SME support organizations, and other readers in a way that is easy for them to understand.

Books

**White Paper on Business Start-ups**

Based on the results of the Survey on of Business Start-ups, this paper analyzes the trend of business start-ups according to the latest themes.

- Published annually since 1992, the document is important literature in the field of researches on business start-ups in Japan.

--- Main Contents of 2019 Edition ---
- The Expansion of Entrepreneurship for Oneself
- Summary of Results: Survey on Starting Businesses and Entrepreneurial Minds (FY2018)
- Actual State and Issues of Hobbyist Entrepreneurs
- Summary of Results: Survey on Business Start-ups (FY2018)
- Actual State and Issues for Laid-back Entrepreneurs
- Actual State and Issues for Small-Amount Business Start-up

**Mechanisms of Rapid Growth**

What are the characteristics of businesses that achieve rapid growth shortly after establishment, and what are their management strategies? Actual state was examined through data analysis, case studies and a panel discussion.

**Overcoming Human Resource Disparities through Diversity**

This is an analysis of examples from small businesses that propose diverse work styles to meet the varied employment needs of employees. This book discusses on of what is needed for small businesses to overcome the labor shortage problem caused by the declining population.